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*Kenſington, September* 17.

THE following Addreſs of the Mayor, Burgeſſes, and Commonalty of the City of Briſtol, has been preſented to his Majeſty by Robert Hoblyn, Eſq; one of their Repreſentatives in Parliament, being introduced by the Right Honourable the Earl of Rochford, one of the Lords of his Majeſty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Mayor, Burgeſſes, and Commonalty of the City of Briſtol, in Common Council aſſembled.

*May it pleaſe your Majeſty,*

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Mayor, Burgeſſes and Commonalty of the City of Briſtol, in Common Council aſſembled, moſt humbly beſeech your Majeſty to accept our moſt hearty Congratulation on your Majeſty's Return to your Britiſh Dominions, and on the Succeſs of your Majeſty's Arms in the Reduction of Cape Breton.

The Stability of your Majeſty's Throne is ſo happily connected with the Intereſt of your People, that every Attempt againſt your Majeſty's Crown and Dignity, ought to be regarded by them as an Invaſion of their own moſt valuable Rights: It is therefore with the higheſt Indignation that we ſee an unnatural Rebellion fomented at this Time in your Majeſty's Dominions in Favour of a Popiſh Pretender.

It gives us no Manner of Surprize that the common Enemy, in Reſentment of your Majeſty's Zeal and Magnanimity in Defence of the Liberties of Europe, ſhould endeavour to place a Dependant of his own on the Throne of Great Britain: For the Syſtem of Univerſal Monarchy can never take Place, while Great Britain remains a Free and Independant Nation.

But that any of your Majeſty's Subjects ſhould enter into Meaſures for bringing their Country under the Dominion of France, or to render it a Scene of Blood and Deſolation: That Perſons, who have experienced the Bleſſings of a Free Government, ſhould grow weary of national Felicity; and ſhould ſacrifice their Civil and Religious Rights, their own neareſt Intereſts, and the Happineſs of lateſt Poſterity, to the Pride, Ambition, or Reſentment of their Leaders, this fills us with equal Horror and Aſtoniſhment.

For our Parts, we beg Leave to aſſure your Majeſty, that as we are bound by all the Ties of Duty, Gratitude and Intereſt to ſupport your Majeſty's Government, ſo we will, upon this and every other Occaſion, at the Hazard of our Lives and Fortunes, vindicate your Majeſty's Title to the Crown, againſt the Pretender and all his Adherents, and maintain the Proteſtant Succeſſion, as it has been happily eſtabliſhed, in your Royal Houſe.

The following Addreſs of the Mayor, Aldermen, Burgeſſes, and Commonalty of the Burgh of Great Yarmouth, in the County of Norfolk, was preſented to his Majeſty by the Hon. Colonel Townſend, and the Hon. Edward Walpole, Eſq; their Repreſentatives in Parliament, being introduced by the Right Hon. the Earl of Rochford, one of the Lords of his Majeſty's Bed Chamber in Waiting: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Mayor, Aldermen, Burgeſſes, and Commonalty of the Burgh of Great Yarmouth, in the County of Norfolk, in Common Council aſſembled.

PERMIT us, moſt gracious Sovereign, to join with our Fellow Subjects, in expreſſing the joyful Sentiments of our Hearts, on your Majeſty's

Majeſty's ſafe Return to theſe Kingdoms, and alſo to congratulate you on the taking of Cape Breton, a Place, the Importance of which England ſeem'd to be inſenſible of, when they ceded it to France by that Treaty at Utrecht.

The Reaſon we have to believe that the Son of the Pretender to your Majeſty's Crown is landed in Scotland, and actually raiſing a Rebellion there, would not permit us to be ſilent; but moved by every Principle of Gratitude, which the Enjoyment of a continued Series of Liberty, during the Reigns of yourſelf and Royal Father, muſt inſpire us with, do publickly declare our entire Abhorrence of this unnatural Rebellion, a fix'd Reſolution to oppoſe, to the utmoſt of our Power, its Authors and Abettors, and diſclaim thoſe Principles, ſo inconſiſtent with our happy Conſtitution, upon which theſe Diſturbers of our Peace muſt proceed: But your Royal Preſence, which Heaven has once more favoured us with, will, we hope, diſpel theſe Clouds, and animate your faithful Subjects to exert their utmoſt Efforts in Defence of your Majeſty's Right to the Throne of theſe Realms, and in ſupporting you and your Poſterity upon the ſame.

May every Deſign, for the Welfare of theſe Kingdoms, proſper in your Hands; and may that God, who has hitherto made you his peculiar Care, guard you and them in the Day of Battle from the factious and diſloyal Attempts of yours and their Enemies.

Given under our Common Seal, this 11th Day of September, 1745.

The following Addreſs of the Magiſtrates, and City Council of Glaſgow, having been tranſmitted to his Grace the Duke of Argyll, has by him been preſented to his Majeſty: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Magiſtrates, and City Council of Glaſgow, in Common Council aſſembled.

*Moſt gracious Sovereign,*

WE your faithful Subjects, the Magiſtrates and City Council of Glaſgow, in Common Council aſſembled, beg Leave humbly to approach your Throne, congratulating in the moſt dutiful Manner your Majeſty's ſafe Return to your Britiſh Dominions; and to aſſure you of our unalterable Attachment to your Perſon and Family, and firm Reſolution to maintain your Government with our Lives and Fortunes againſt all Enemies, Oppoſers and Invaders whatſoever, knowing, that on the Continuance thereof, our Rights, Sacred and Civil, under God, depend.

Permit us at the ſame Time to expreſs our unfeigned and ſincere Abhorrence and Regret for the Conduct of ſome of our Countrymen, who, inſenſible of their Happineſs under your Majeſty's mild and paternal Reign, have taken up Arms in Favour of a Popiſh Pretender, and endeavoured to ſubvert our happy Conſtitution, and involve their Country in all the Calamities and Miſeries of a Rebellion, and an inteſtine War.

May the Throne of Britain be filled by your Majeſty and your Royal Progeny to the lateſt Poſterity; may our Religion and Liberties be continued and tranſmitted pure and inviolate to the End of Time; and may the Deſigns of your ambitious and reſtleſs Enemies, Foreign and Domeſtick, be on all Occaſions defeated and diſappointed.

*Glaſgow, Sept.* 11, 1745.

Signed in Preſence and by Appointment,
*And. Cochrane*, Provoſt.

The following Addreſs of the Juſtices of the Peace, Freeholders, and Commiſſioners of Supply of the Shire of Tweeddale, having been tranſmitted to his Grace the Duke of Argyll, has by him been preſented to his Majeſty: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

Unto the King's moſt excellent Majeſty.

WE your Majeſty's moſt loyal and dutiful Subjects, the Juſtices of the Peace, Freeholders, and Commiſſioners of Supply of the Shire of Tweeddale, having aſſembled at the Head Borough of the County, beg Leave to congratulate your Majeſty, and to rejoice with your faithful Subjects, upon your Majeſty's ſafe and happy Return to theſe your Dominions. And we take this Opportunity, with unfeigned Hearts, to renew our Aſſurances of unſhaken Loyalty, warm Zeal, and hearty Affections to your Majeſty's ſacred Perſon and Government, and the Proteſtant Succeſſion in your illuſtrious Houſe; and to expreſs our Deteſtations of the wicked Practices of thoſe, who, laying aſide all regard to Religion and Loyalty, to the Peace and Happineſs of their Native Country, have dared to raiſe an unnatural Rebellion, and have done their utmoſt to render it a Scene of Blood and Cruelties, and to ſubject it to a long Train of the Miſchiefs that attend a Civil War, and make it a Prey to our implacable Enemies abroad, and us Slaves to a Popiſh Pretender at Home; but we hope that the kind Providence of God, which has ſo often, and ſo remarkably interpoſed to reſcue this Iſland from the intollerable Yoke of

of Popery and arbitrary Power, will ſo effectually ſecond your Majeſty's unwearied Endeavours to preſerve our Peace and Tranquility, our Religion and Liberties, that their Miſchiefs ſhall ſoon return upon their own Heads. And we aſſure your Majeſty, that with our Lives and Fortunes, our Hearts and Hands, we ſhall now, and at all Times, be ready to ſupport and defend your Majeſty's ſacred Perſon and Government, your undoubted Title to the Crown, and the Succeſſion in the Proteſtant Line.

The following Addreſs of the Mayor, Aldermen and principal Inhabitants of the City of Coventry, has been preſented to his Majeſty by his Grace the Duke of Grafton, Lord Chamberlain of his Majeſty's Houſhold: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Mayor, Aldermen and principal Inhabitants of the City of Coventry.

*Moſt Gracious Sovereign,*

WITH Hearts full of Gratitude, with Minds ſenſible of our Duty and Obligations to your Majeſty as the beſt of Kings, and as the tender Father of your People, and with a Zeal for your Majeſty's Service, which can only be equal'd by our Affection to your Perſon and Family, we beg Leave, at this critical Juncture, to preſent this Teſtimony of our Loyalty.

The Settlement of theſe Kingdoms in your Majeſty's Royal Houſe, eminently diſtinguiſhed for its early Appearance in the Cauſe of true Religion and Liberty; your Majeſty's wiſe and gracious Government over us, and the happy Pledges which your Family afford us, that our Religion and Civil Rights will be continued to our Poſterity, are Bleſſings of which we are highly ſenſible; our Religion, our Liberties, and all that is valuable to us, depend upon them. All good Men, and all your Majeſty's Subjects that wiſh well to their Country, are bound to ſupport them; and none but the Wicked, and ſuch as are Enemies to Mankind in general, and the Proſperity of theſe Kingdoms in particular, will ever attempt to deprive us of them.

The Attempts which, from your Majeſty's Meſſages to the Lord Mayor of London, we underſtand, are made in the North in Favour of a Popiſh Pretender, are the Subject of our Abhorrence and Indignation: We beg Leave to aſſure your Majeſty of our unſhaken Fidelity, of our unalterable Attachment to your Majeſty upon this and every other Occaſion.

As every Thing we enjoy receives its Value from that Security, which is alone to be derived from the Continuance of the Sceptre in your Majeſty's Family; ſo we are ready chearfully to lay down our Lives for, and devote our Fortunes to the effectual Support of your Majeſty againſt all your Enemies.

This, Sir, is the ſincere Profeſſion of our Lips, and in our Lives we will not depart from it. In Teſtimony whereof, we have hereunto ſet our Hands, this 10th Day of September 1745.

*Journal of the Combined Army in Bohemia, from the 31ſt of Auguſt to the 4th of September.*

*Auguſt* 31. WE had an Account that the Pruſſian Corps, which by the Advices from Lieutenant Colonel Tranguini had paſſed by Welkowek, had exacted of the Town of Gitſchin, under the moſt violent Threats, Contributions, which were to be held in Readineſs as Yeſterday; and in order to conceal the real Route they intended to take, a like Inſinuation was made to the Town of Liebau, Alt Buntzlau, and other Places in Bohemia. The Town of Horzitz has paid 2000 Florins to a Detachment which paſs'd by that Place this Day.

Upon the 1ſt of September we had certain Advice, that theſe Troops had been the Day before at Gitſchin; that they conſiſted of two Regiments of Horſe, and three of Foot, under the Command of General Geſſler; and that the Whole had taken the Road by Turnau to Reichenberg, and was follow'd by a great Quantity of Baggage. Whereupon Lieutenant Colonel Deſoffi having marched by the Way of Miletin to Horzitz, ſucceeded in taking ſeveral of them Priſoners, who gave Information, that a great Number were killed upon the Spot in the Attack which he had made upon them.

Major General St. Andre alſo ſent Advice, that one of his Detachments having fallen upon a Pruſſian Convoy, coming from Braunau by Nachod, in order to be conducted to the Army, had not only killed ſeveral of the Men belonging to the Eſcorte, brought off above 150 Horſe, and ſtaved ſome Barrels of Meal, but that he had even compelled the Convoy to return to Nachod.

Upon the 2d, Colonel Wilczewski, who with his Pulk keeps by the Side of the Corps under Geſſler, lay in Ambuſh in a Wood near Droſchkowitz, between Gitſchin and Turrau. A Regiment of Cuiraſſiers, who had under Convoy ſeven Pieces of large Cannon and ſome Carriages laden with warlike Stores, advancing towards him, he came out of the Ambuſh, fell upon them, and obliged them to retire towards the Foot, and to leave their Artillery behind them,

them, which he was however obliged to abandon upon the whole Body of the Enemy's Infantry coming up and engaging him, having firſt cut the Horſes Harneſſes in Pieces. Upon this Occaſion he had two Horſes killed and one wounded, but all his Men eſcaped.

The next Day, the 3d, the ſaid Pruſſian Corps having continued their March towards Reichenberg, Colonel Wilczewski poſted himſelf behind an Eminency near a Village call'd Rochlitz, from whence perceiving that a Troop of Cuiraſſiers were marching towards him, he attacked them, killed 29, made 26 Priſoners, and brought off 47 Carriage Horſes, and ſome others belonging to the Officers. In this ſecond Rencounter he had two Towarzyſz wounded, though but ſlightly. We have Advice from Jaromirz, that that Town is reduced to a very ſad Situation, the Threats made by the Pruſſians to pillage and afterwards burn it, having ſpread a general Conſternation; eſpecially ſince the Magiſtrates were not able to prevail upon the King, who was lately there, to countermand the Execution, which they, as well as the neighbouring Places depending upon their Juriſdiction, or compriſed in their Bailwick, are apprehenſive of.

Upon the 4th, they plundered Jaromirz as they had threatened, and are pillaging almoſt all the Places through which they paſs, ſo that there is Room to conclude, that they have Thoughts of abandoning all Bohemia very ſoon.

*Dreſden, Sept.* 15, *N. S.* The King of Poland, Elector of Saxony, has lately cauſed to be iſſued out, under his Royal Hand and Signet, a Mandate to all his Subjects, ſetting forth in Subſtance, that his Poliſh Majeſty had received Intelligence from different Parts, that his Electoral and hereditary Dominions were threatned with an hoſtile Invaſion; that, though it was the more to be hoped it would not actually happen, as not the leaſt Cauſe had been given for it, it was proper to take the neceſſary Precautions in all Events for a vigorous Defence; for which End Troops had been already ordered to march to the Frontiers and other Paſſes, where it was thought neceſſary, and the Troops that were out of the Country, to return home to defend it. But in Caſe of an actual Invaſion, the Magiſtrates in the Cities were to arm the Burghers, and the Shooting Companies were to be put in good Order, that they might not only be able to defend the Cities, but to march to any Parts where it might be needful; and upon the firſt Notice of the Enemy's Approach, thoſe Towns that have Walls and Gates were to be ſhut up, and no body was to be admitted from the Enemy. The Inhabitants in thoſe Parts through which the Enemy ſhould march, were to retire with their Effects into the neighbouring Cities or Woods, and from thence annoy the Enemy as much as poſſible, without affording them the leaſt Supply of Money, Proviſion, or Forage. Every Man able to make Reſiſtance, or otherwiſe uſeful, ſhould be in Readineſs with Arms, or for Want of them, with Axes and all Implements of Husbandry fit for Defence, to aſſemble at the Place of Rendezvous; and to that End, Notice ſhould be given of the Approach of the Enemy by ringing of Bells: That his Majeſty was graciouſly perſuaded all his Subjects would, with the heartieſt Zeal, make all poſſible Reſiſtance, and that thoſe Inhabitants who have been formerly Upper or Under Officers in this or foreign Service, would voluntarily join with their utmoſt Endeavours in the Defence of their Country. Laſtly, the King of Poland exhorts his Subjects not to let their Spirits ſink on this Occaſion, but to put their Confidence ſo much the more in the Divine Protection and Aſſiſtance, as their Enemy had not the leaſt Succeſs or Bleſſing to expect from God in his unjuſt Enterprize. Thoſe who behaved well, might be aſſured of his Majeſty's gracious Favour, and other Rewards, as Opportunity ſhould offer; but if any failed of doing their Duty, they were to expect his higheſt Diſpleaſure, and due Puniſhment.

*Dreſden, Sept.* 15, *N. S.* The Duke of Weiſſenfels is relapſed, and is obliged to withdraw from Buſineſs: It is hoped that he will be able to apply to it again in about a Fortnight. The Detachment commanded by General Renard paſſes through Dreſden this Morning. The Want of Boats has retarded its Arrival.

*Dreſden, Sept.* 19, *N. S.* Count Rutowski being reinforced by the firſt Saxon Detachment from Bohemia, marched the 17th from before Leipſig nearer the Pruſſians, but has not paſſed the Frontiers of Saxony.

*Berlin, Sept.* 18, *N. S.* General Geſler with his Corps is expected To-morrow at Kopenick, in order to reinforce the Troops under the Command of the reigning Prince of Deſſau. It is ſaid that the whole of the Army, which is now aſſembling at Halle, will amount to near 30,000 Men. The Armies in Bohemia remain in their old Poſition. We hear from Sileſia that the Priſoners of War at Coſel amount to above 3000 Men. For ſome Days paſt the Preparations for the Defence of this City had been diſcontinued, the Burghers had been excuſed from mounting Guard in ſuch great Numbers, and the Cannon, which were ſome Time ago planted up and down the Streets, had been removed into the Arſenal. But Yeſterday Orders were received to double the Number of Cannon at the Gates, and to make Preparations for a vigorous Defence; and the Corps under General Polentz has Orders to repair hither upon the firſt Advice of any apparent Danger.

*Copen-*

*Copenhagen, Sept. 18, N. S.* Yesterday in the Evening Prince William of Hesse Cassel arrived here, and took up his Quarters at the House of Baron Hopken, the Swedish Minister. The Prince and Princess Royal are come to Town on Purpose to receive him in his Passage through this Place. The contagious Distemper which has been spreading for some Time among the Cattle in this Island, as well as in Holstein and Fuhnen, has now unhappily broke out at a Farm not above a Quarter of a Mile from the Walls of this City. The Country is otherwise in a good State of Health, and no Creatures but the horned Cattle are affected with this Mortality.

*Hague, Sept. 24, N. S.* Five of the ten English Battalions, which have been ordered over into England, were to set out from the Army as To-day, and the other five to follow To-morrow; they will all be embarked immediately upon their Arrival at Willemstad; the additional Transports that were necessary for the whole Corps, being arrived there, with the Dutch Auxiliary Man of War for Convoy. The last Division of the Hessians has made such Diligence in their March, that they will be at Arnheim on Monday next, the 27th Instant, three Days sooner than expected. Lieutenant General Swartsenberg, of the Dutch Corps, goes over with this Mail; and Count Maurice follows by the next.

*Dublin, September 6.*

On the good News of his Majesty's safe Arrival in Great Britain, the Flag was display'd this Day at the Castle, the great Guns were fired at his Majesty's Park the Phœnix, and answered by Vollies from the Regiments in Garrison which were drawn out on Oxmantown Green; and in the Evening there were Bonfires, ringing of Bells, and other Demonstrations of Joy.

London, Sept. 14, 1745.

*John Earl of Stair, &c. Field Marshal and Commander in Chief of his Majesty's Forces in South-Britain, does hereby declare, that it is his Majesty's Intention, that any Man, who shall voluntarily engage in his Majesty's Service, in any of his Regiments of Horse, Foot or Dragoons, shall be discharged from the Service at the End of two Years, to be reckoned from the Day of his Inlisting, and that this Declaration shall extend to all such as shall engage between the Day of the Date hereof, till the first Day of January next to come.*

STAIR.

*By his Excellency's Command,*

Ro. Keith.

War-Office, September 6, 1745.

*His Majesty, having thought fit to augment the Four Battalions of Foot Guards doing Duty at home, is pleased to order that the Sum of Six Pounds, Bounty Money, should be paid to each Man five Feet seven Inches high, or upwards, without Shoes, and under 30 Years of Age, who shall inlist with any Officer, belonging to the said Regiments of Guards, or with any Officer of Horse, Dragoons, Foot or Marines in Order to serve in the Guards, and shall be approved by them as able-bodied Men, on or before the 24th of this instant September; the said Bounty Money with Subsistence from the Time of their enlisting respectively to be paid on their Arrival on the Parade, in St. James's Park, London; And that the Sum of Four Pounds Bounty-Money shall be paid to each Man who shall inlist to serve in the Regiments of Guards, answering the above Description after the said 24th Instant, and before the 1st of October next. This publick Notice is hereby given of these his Majesty's Commands, that the proper Officers, and all Persons concerned, may govern themselves accordingly.*

*By his Majesty's Command,*

Will. Yonge.

Whitehall, September 6, 1745.

*Whereas it has been represented to his Majesty, that an anonymous Letter came by the Post on Thursday the 8th of August last, and by the Mark and Charge thereupon, seems to have been put into the General Post-Office in London, directed To Mr. George Cartwright, Esq; at Offington, near Carlton upon Trent, Nottinghamshire, threatning, that if the Waggons were not suffered to pass and repass quietly, without Weighing, and the Stilyard, which had been set up for Weighing of Waggons on that Road, pulled down, both his House, and the Houses of several other Gentlemen, acting as Trustees for the Turnpikes, on the North Side of Foston Bridge to Little Drayton, in Nottinghamshire, should be consumed to Ashes, with several most horrid Expressions of Destruction to the said Gentlemen.*

*His Majesty for the better discovering, and bringing to Justice the Person or Persons concerned in writing, and sending the said Letter, is pleased to promise his most gracious Pardon to any one of them, who shall discover his Accomplice, or Accomplices, so as he, they, or any of them, may be apprehended, and convicted thereof.*

HOLLES NEWCASTLE.

*And as a farther Encouragement, the Commissioners for the said Turnpikes do hereby promise a Reward of One Hundred Pounds to any Person or Persons making such Discovery as aforesaid, to be paid by Mr. Edmund Kirke, of East Markham, in the County of Nottingham, Attorney at Law, or by Mr. Lechmere Kirke, Attorny at Law, at Mr. Wrench's, Stationer in Woodstreet, London.*

Lechmere Kirke.

General Post-Office, August 24, 1745.

*Whereas the Communication with Flanders, by the Way of Ostend, is interrupted, and for the present at an End; Publick Notice is hereby given to all Merchants and others whom it may concern, That as their Letters for the several Parts and Provinces of the Austrian Netherlands are now, of Necessity, to be forwarded by the Way of Holland, it will be most proper for them to inclose their Letters and Packets, or recommend them to such as may be their Friends or Correspondents in Holland, from thence to be forwarded to the Places they are designed for in the Netherlands aforesaid; as also that it will be most safe and convenient for them, that the Answers, in Return to their said Letters, should be sent under Cover to Holland, to be forwarded from thence to this Office.*



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*But in regard to the Correſpondence with the Army; all Perſons are hereby to take Notice, That their Letters, directed for any Perſon or Perſons in the ſame, will be received at this Office, and from hence forwarded to the Army, in the Manner hitherto obſerved, a proper Method of conveying the Army Letters directly from hence, having been ſettled by the Way of Holland, in Conformity to the Uſages in regard thereto, during the Wars of King William and Queen Anne.*

*By Command of the Poſt-maſter General,*
George Shelvocke, *Sec.*

## *Advertiſements.*

THE ſurviving Aſſignee under a Commiſſion of Bankrupt iſſued againſt John Gaſs, late of Wallingford in the County of Berks, Linnendraper and Chapman, deſires the ſaid Bankrupt's Creditors to meet at the Nag's Head Tavern in Cheapſide, on Friday next, at Three o'Clock, to aſſent to or diſſent from the ſaid Aſſignee's making a Compoſition with one or more Debtors to the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate, and on other ſpecial Affairs. Enquire for No 3.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of Cæſar Ward, of the City of York, Bookſeller and Printer, againſt whom a Commiſſion of Bankrupt hath been awarded and iſſued forth, are hereby required forthwith to pay their reſpective Debts to Mr. Joſeph Styles, of King-ſtreet near Guildhall, London, Stationer, or Mr. Richard Farrer, of the City of York, Upholſterer, two of the Aſſignees of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate, or they will be ſued for the ſame.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued againſt Mary Geale, late of Alton in the County of Southampton, Widow, Mercer, Draper and Chapwoman, intend to meet on the 25th of this Inſtant September, at Nine of the Clock in the Forenoon of the ſame Day, at the White Hart Inn at Hooke in the Pariſh of Odiham, in the ſaid County of Southampton, concerning the ſaid Commiſſion of Bankruptcy; when and where the Creditors, who have proved their Debts under the ſaid Commiſſion, are deſired to meet the Aſſignee of her Eſtate and Effects, to aſſent to or diſſent from the ſaid Aſſignee's commencing one or more Suit or Suits in Equity, and his ſubmitting to Arbitration or otherwiſe compounding and agreeing ſome Matters in Difference or Diſpute relating to the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate and Effects, and on other ſpecial Affairs. Alſo to be ſold, divers Eſtates of the ſaid Bankrupt under the ſaid Commiſſion; a very good Velvet Poll and nine Cloaks. Enquire of Mr. Sanden, Attorney at Law, at North Warnborough near Odiham, Hants; Mrs. Joane Hawkins at Alton aforeſaid; or of Mrs. Waihall at Odiham: And all Perſons indebted to the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate, are deſired forthwith to pay the ſame to the Aſſignee under the ſaid Commiſſion, otherwiſe they will be forthwith ſued for the ſame.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded and iſſued forth againſt Benjamin Beart, of Orford in the County of Suffolk, Merchant, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to ſurrender himſelf to the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named, or the major Part of them, on the 27th of September inſtant, and on the 4th and 29th Days of October next, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon on each of the ſaid Days, at the Houſe of Elizabeth Hill, Widow, being the Sign of the Golden Lyon in Ipſwich in the ſaid County of Suffolk, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Firſt Sitting to chuſe Aſſignees, and at the laſt Sitting the ſaid Bankrupt is required to finiſh his Examination, and the Creditors are to aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded and iſſued forth againſt Thomas Shaw, of the Town and County of the Town of Nottingham, Stocking-maker and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to ſurrender himſelf to the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named, or the major Part of them, on the 26th of September Inſtant, and on the 14th and 29th of October next, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon, on each of the ſaid Days, at the Houſe of Mr. Charles Sulley, being the Sign of the White Lyon in the Town and County of the Town of Nottingham aforeſaid, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the ſecond Sitting to chuſe Aſſignees, and at the laſt Sitting the ſaid Bankrupt is required to finiſh his Examination, and the Creditors are to aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the ſame but to whom the Commiſſioners ſhall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Sterropp, Attorney, at Nottingham.

WHereas the acting Commiſſioners in the Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded againſt John Clement, of Chelſea in the County of Middleſex, Broker and Chapman, have certified to the Right Honourable Philip Lord Hardwicke, Baron of Hardwicke, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the ſaid John Clement hath in all Things conformed himſelf according to the Directions of the ſeveral Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts: This is to give Notice, That by Virtue of an Act paſſed in the Fifth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the ſaid Act directs, unleſs Cauſe be ſhewn to the contrary on or before the 7th of October next.

*This Day was publiſhed,*
(Price Two-Shillings.)

I. DIRECTIONS given to the Clergy of the Dioceſe of London in the Year 1724, by the Right Rev. Father in God, Edmund Lord Biſhop of London. To which is added, His Lordſhip's Charge to his Clergy in his laſt Viſitation, begun in the Year 1741, and finiſhed in the Year 1742. With an Appendix; containing, among other Things, Directions concerning the proper Inſtruments to be brought for obtaining, 1. Orders; 2. Inſtitution; 3. Licence to a Curacy; 4. Licence to a Lecture; 5. A Plurality: With the Things which the Laws require to be done, *After* Inſtitution, or Licence, obtain'd.

2. His Lordſhip's four Paſtoral Letters to the People of his Dioceſe. Price bound 2 s. 6 d.

3. The excellent Uſe of Pſalmody, with a Courſe of ſinging Pſalms for half a Year. Price Three Half-pence.

4. Directions to Maſters and Miſtreſſes of Charity Schools. Price Three Half-pence.

5. Directions to Miniſters and People in order to a Confirmation. Price Three Half-pence.

6. Two Letters of the Lord Biſhop of London: The firſt to the Maſters and Miſtreſſes of Families in the Engliſh Plantations abroad. The ſecond to the Miſſionaries there; exhorting to the Inſtruction of their Negroes in the Chriſtian Faith.

Printed by E. Owen, in Amen-Corner.
*Where may be had, by the ſame Hand, while Rector of the Pariſh of Lambeth.*

7. The Sacrament of the Lord's Supper explained; or, The Things to be known and done to make a worthy Communicant. With ſuitable Prayers and Meditations. The ninth Edition. Price bound 1 s.

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11. An Admonition againſt Profane and Common Swearing. The Seventh Edition. Price Three Half-pence.

12. The Evil and Danger of Lukewarmneſs in Religion. The Third Edition. Price Three Half-pence,

13. The

13. The Sinfulneſs of neglecting and profaning the Lord's Day. The Third Edition. Price Three Half-pence.

14. Truſt in God the beſt Remedy againſt Fears of all Kinds. Deſign'd, by way of ſpiritual Comfort and Support, to ſuch unhappy Perſons as are ſubject to *melancholy* Fears; and to others, who are at any Time under Anxiety and Dejection of Mind, upon juſt and reaſonable Fears of ſome approaching Evil. Price Three Half-pence.

N. B. Good Allowance will be given in all the above Articles to thoſe who buy Numbers to give away.

THE under-mentioned Perſons claiming the Benefit of the Act lately paſſed for Relief of inſolvent Debtors, the following Notices have been brought to the Printer of the London Gazette, to be inſerted in this Paper, and are herein inſerted in Obedience to the ſaid Act.

The following Perſon being a Fugitive for Debt, and beyond the Seas on or before the firſt of January 1742, and having ſurrendred himſelf to the Keeper of the King's Bench Priſon in the County of Surry, hereby gives Notice, that he intends to take the Benefit of the late Act of Parliament, made in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, for the Relief of Inſolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Seſſions of the Peace to be held in and for the County of Surry, or at the Adjournment thereof, which ſhall happen next after Thirty Days from the Publication hereof, viz. Henry Lambert, late of Colcheſter in the County of Eſſex, Mariner.

The following Perſon being a Fugitive for Debt, and beyond the Seas on or before the firſt of January 1742, and having ſurrendred himſelf to the Keeper or Goaler of his Majeſty's Court of the Palace of Rocheſter in the County of Kent, hereby gives Notice, that he intends to take the Benefit of an Act of Parliament paſſed in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty King George the Second, intitled, An Act for the Relief of Inſolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Seſſions of the Peace to be held at Maidſtone in and for the County of Kent, or at the Adjournment thereof, which ſhall happen next after Thirty Days from the Publication hereof, viz. Thomas Cornwal, late of Stepney, Mariner.

The following Perſon being a Fugitive for Debt, and beyond the Seas on or before the Firſt of January 1742, and having ſurrendred himſelf to the Keeper of the Poultry Compter in the City of London, hereby gives Notice, that he intends to take the Benefit of an Act of Parliament paſſed in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty King George the Second, intituled, An Act for the Relief of Inſolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Seſſions of the Peace to be held in and for the ſaid City, or at the Adjournment thereof, which ſhall happen next after Thirty Days from the Publication hereof, viz. John Robinſon, late of Billiter-lane Fanchurch-ſtreet, Mariner.

The following Perſon being a Fugitive for Debt, and beyond the Seas on or before the firſt of January 1742, and having ſurrendred himſelf to the Goaler or Keeper of the Tower Goal of the Tower and Liberty of the Tower of London, on Great Tower-hill, London, hereby gives Notice, that he intends to take the Benefit of the late Act of Parliament made in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, entitled, An Act for the Relief of Inſolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Seſſions of the Peace to be held for the Tower and Liberty of the Tower of London, and Precincts thereof, at the Court-houſe on Great Tower-hill, London, or at the Adjournment thereof, which ſhall happen next after Thirty Days from the Publication hereof, viz. James Wilder, late of the Pariſh of St. Dunſtan in the Eaſt, Mariner.

The following Perſon being a Fugitive for Debt, and beyond the Seas, on or before the Firſt Day of January 1742, and having ſurrendred himſelf to the Keeper of his Majeſty's Priſon of Rothwell, in and for the Liberty of the Honour of Pontefract, in the County of York, hereby gives Notice, that he intends to take the Benefit of an Act of Parliament paſſed in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty King George the Second, intitled, An Act for the Relief of Inſolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Seſſions of the Peace to be held at Leeds, for the Weſt Riding of the County of York, or at the Adjournment thereof, which ſhall happen next after thirty Days from the Publication hereof, viz. Henry Howard, late of Halifax in the County of York, Stay-maker.

N. B. If any Perſon in the foregoing Liſt of Priſoners ſhall find, on the Peruſal of this Gazette, that there is any Error, ſuch Error ſhall, upon Notice, be rectified in the next Gazette Gratis.

Printed by *Edward Owen* in *Amen-Corner*. 1745.